

On the Limits of Idealized Systems: AIC vs. Dialectics

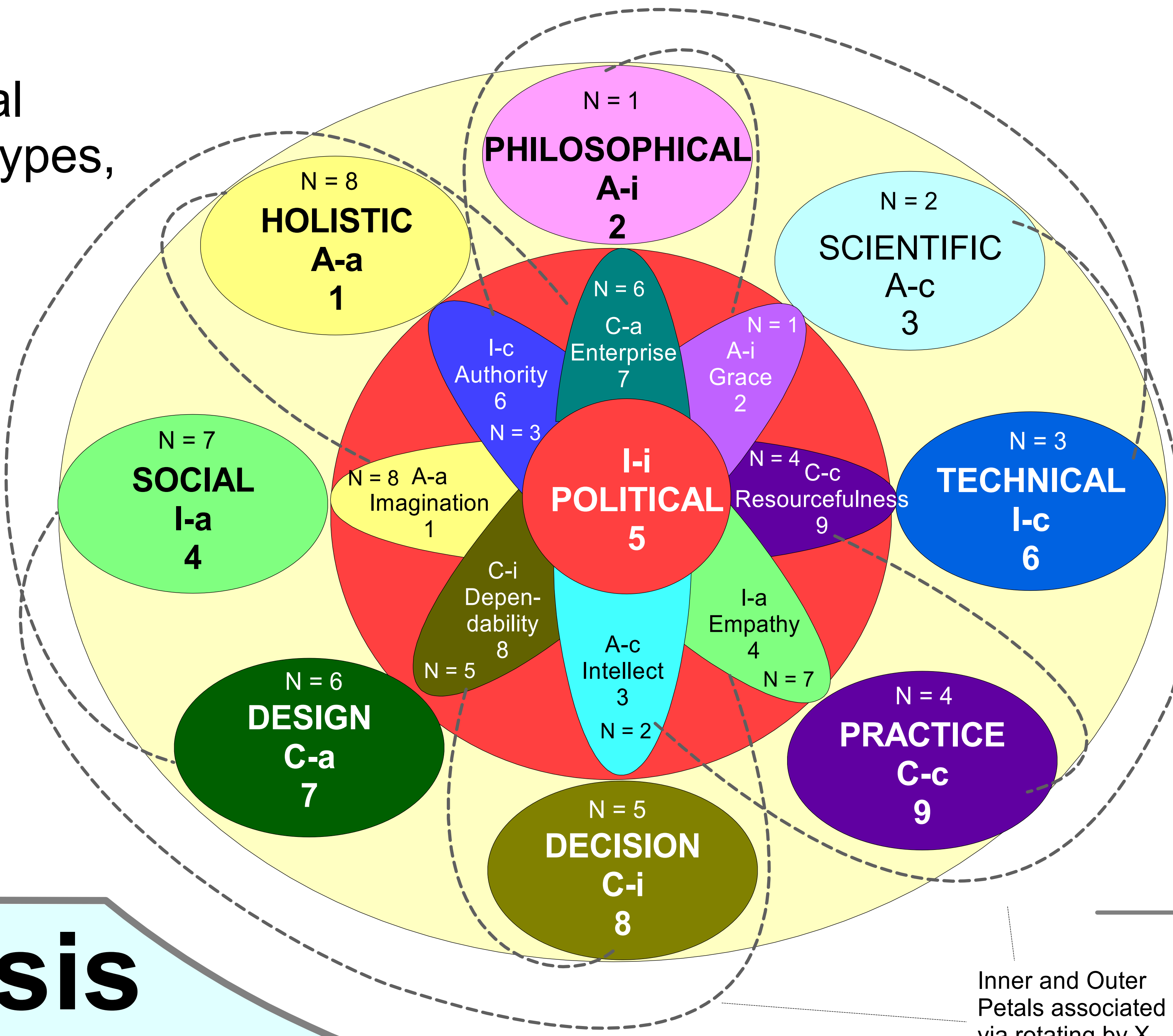
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The AIC framework describes the ideal transformations among system archetypes, structured through this 3×3 matrix:

Purpose ↓	Power		
	Appreciat (a)	Influence (i)	Control (c)
Appreciat (A)	A-a Holistic <i>Imaginat.</i>	A-i Philosoph <i>Grace</i>	A-c Scientific <i>Intellect</i>
Influence (I)	I-a Social <i>Empathy</i>	I-i Political <i>Engagem</i>	I-c Technical <i>Athority</i>
Control (C)	C-a Design <i>Enterprise</i>	C-i Decision <i>Dependable</i>	C-c Practice <i>Resourceful</i>

All domains fall into 2 groups

		Light Domains	
			Dark Domains



The inner cycle represents archetypal roles

The outer cycle maps real-world applications

THE IDEAL APPRECIATIVE SYSTEM
The order displayed gives priority from the lightest (1) to the darkest (9) is the most appreciative possible (open, subjective, abstract)

THE IDEAL CONTROL SYSTEM
The reverse order, from darkest (9) to lightest (1) is the most controlling possible (objective, closed, practical)

THE IDEAL INFLUENCE SYSTEM
It perfectly balances the ordering of the ideal appreciative system with that of the ideal control system. Neither (AIC) purposes, nor (aic) powers are given any priority

STEM SYSTEM
A pure set of influence powers are found at the center of all ideal systems. When you add up all the numbers (degrees of lightness and darkness) of every row, column, and diagonal, they total 15, a "magic square". This sequence, 6, 7, 2, -1, 5, 9, -8, 3, 4, is the same as that of the ideal influence archetype

INNER-OUTER RELATIONS
PHILOSOPHICAL (A-i) vs. Grace (A-i) - 45 degrees
SCIENTIFIC (A-c) vs. Intellect (A-c) - 135° = 45 + 90 x 1
TECHNICAL (I-c) vs. Authority (I-c) - 225° = 45 + 90 x 2
PRACTICE (C-c) vs. Resourc. (C-c) - 315° = 45 + 90 x 3
DECISION (C-i) vs. Dependability (C-i) - 45° = 45 + 90 x 4
DESIGN (C-a) vs. Enterprise (C-a) - 135° = 45 + 90 x 5
SOCIAL (I-a) vs. Empathy (I-a) - 225° = 45 + 90 x 6
HOLISTIC (A-a) vs. Imagination (A-a) - 315° = 45 + 90 x 7

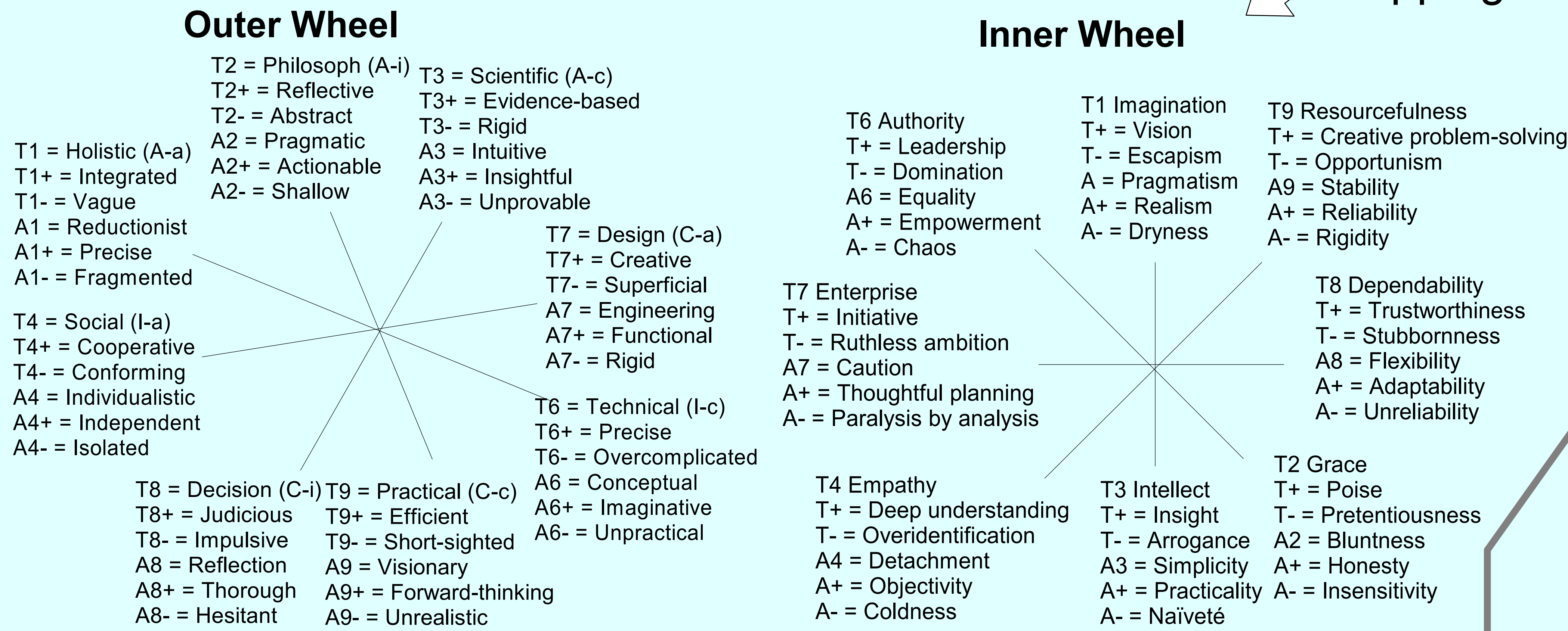
Structured Analysis

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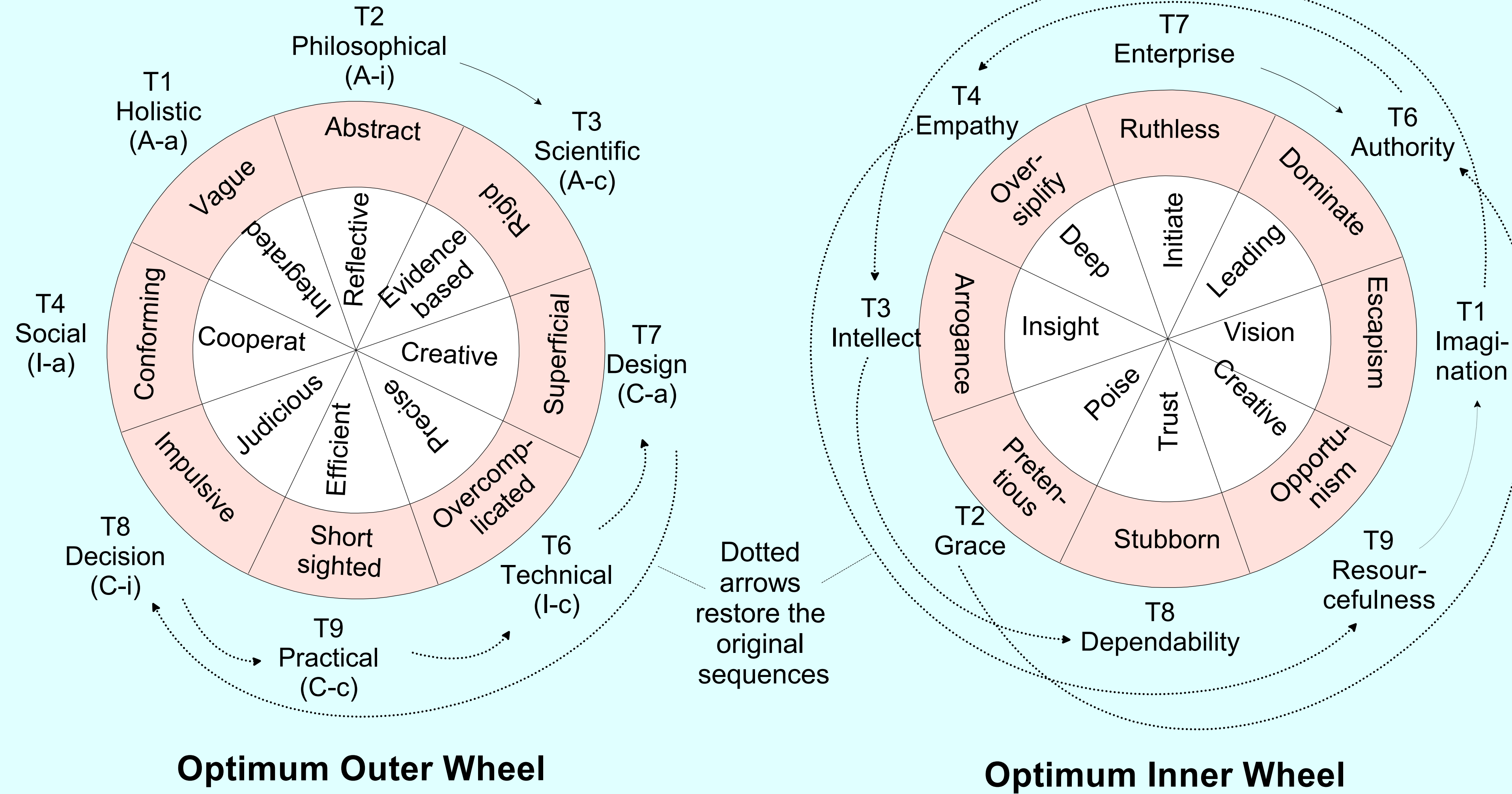
1 Identify Semantic Oppositions

For each concept generate antithesis A, such that positive sides of T should directly oppose the negative/exaggerated sides of A, while negative/exaggerated sides of T should oppose positive sides of A.

Then, pair these concepts into the most direct oppositions, Tx - Ty, such that:
(1) Tx (thesis x) is close to Ay (antithesis y);
(2) Ty (thesis y) is close to Ax (antithesis x);
(3) Tx and Ty are strongly opposed to each other.



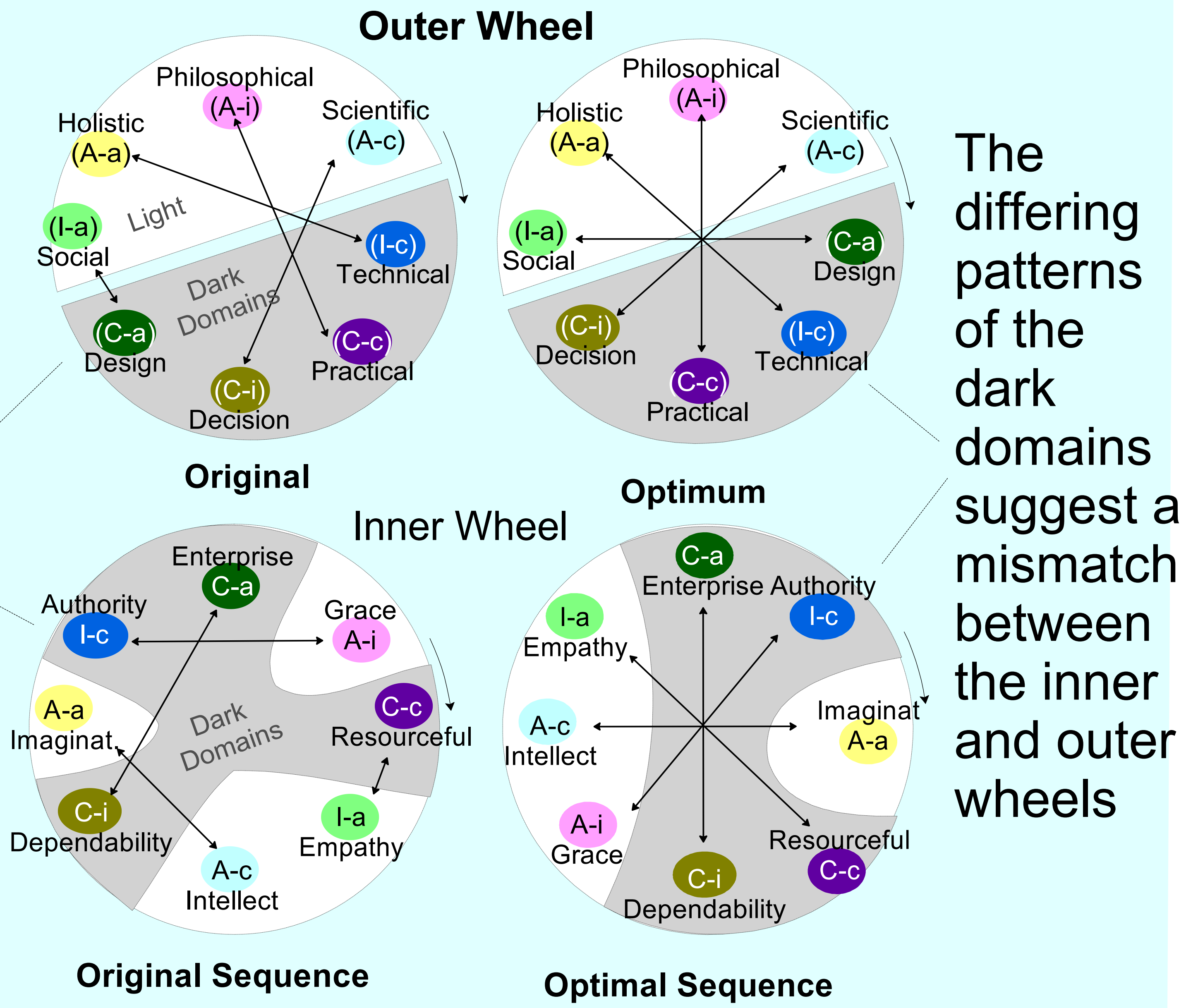
2 Identify Optimum Causalities



Dotted arrows suggest suboptimal causalities

AI Assisted Mapping

3 Compare Symmetries & Patterns



The differing patterns of the dark domains suggest a mismatch between the inner and outer wheels

Broken symmetries of arrows explain suboptimal causalities

4 Explore Blind Spots

Even distribution of grey areas suggesting wavering mechanism

